

4-86

Entrance Examinations - 2020
Ph.D. Sociology

Maximum Marks : 70

Time : 2 Hours

Hall Ticket No.

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General Instructions :

1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR Answer Sheet and a separate answer book given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
2. **This question paper consists of Two Parts – Part ‘A’ and Part ‘B’.** Part-A of the question paper consists of 35 objective type questions of one mark each for a total of 35 marks. Part B has two Sections: Section I consisting of a long answer (15 marks) and Section II consisting of 4 short notes of 5 marks each (20 marks).
3. Answers for **Part-A** must be marked on the OMR answer sheet following the instructions provided thereupon.
4. **Part-B** consists of descriptive type questions for 35 marks and to be answered in a separate answer book provided.
5. Hand over the OMR answer sheet and the Answer Book of **Part ‘B’** at the end of the examination to the Invigilator.
6. Each correct answer in **Part A** carries 1 mark. Marks obtained in **Part A** will determine the merit rank in case of tie in the total number of marks obtained
7. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself.

****There is no negative marking.****

PART – A

Objective Questions

(35 Marks)

The following questions are to be answered in the OMR sheet provided.

1. The 'deductive-nomological' model of scientific explanation is associated principally with
 - A. Copernicus and Galileo
 - B. Carl Hempel
 - C. Peter Winch
 - D. Descartes and Kant

2. Homo economicus implies:
 - A. Free individual who chooses whether to sell his labour or refrain from work, to innovate or confirm, to buy or sell.
 - B. An unfree individual who cannot choose whether to sell his labour or refrain from work, to innovate or confirm, to buy or sell.
 - C. A comprehensive economic system that facilitates trade imports and exports across the globe.
 - D. A comprehensive economic system that facilitates knowledge imports and exports across the globe.

3. Match the following

1. Reference group	a. Talcott Parsons
2. Pattern Variables	b. Ralf Dahrendorf
3. Quasi-Groups	c. Jeffrey Alexander
4. Neo-functionalism	d. Robert Merton

 - A. 1c, 2d, 3b, 4a
 - B. 1d, 2a, 3b, 4c
 - C. 1b, 2d, 3a, 4c
 - D. 1c, 2a, 3b, 4d

4. Which statement describes 'cluster sampling'?
 - A. Clusters are heterogeneous within and across
 - B. Units within the cluster are homogenous but heterogeneous across clusters
 - C. Units within the cluster are heterogeneous but homogenous across clusters
 - D. Clusters are homogenous within and across

5. 'Dalit women talk differently' is an important article written by

- A. Virginus Xaxa
- B. Gopal Guru
- C. Gail Omvedt
- D. C. Parvathamma

6. Who among the following figures insisted on drawing a distinction between 'reasons' and causes'?

- A. Peter Winch
- B. Carl Hempel
- C. Auguste Comte
- D. Emile Durkheim

7. Which of the following is not a test of reliability?

- A. Split-half method
- B. Criterion method
- C. Parallel forms method
- D. Test-retest method

8. Here is a list of social theorists provided on the left (I) and books penned by them given on the right (II). Match the following.

- | I | II |
|------------------------|--|
| a. Arturo Escobar | i. <i>The Achieving Society</i> |
| b. David C. McClelland | ii. <i>Becoming Modern: Individual Change in Six Developing Countries</i> |
| c. Anthony Giddens | iii. <i>Encountering Development: The Making and Unmaking of the Third World</i> |
| d. Alex Inkles | iv. <i>Runaway World: How Globalisation is Reshaping our Lives</i> |

- A. a: iv b: iii c: i d: ii
- B. a: iii b: i c: iv d: ii
- C. a: iii b: iv c: ii d: i
- D. a: i b:ii c: iii d: iv

9. 'The obligation to give, the obligation to accept and the obligation to reciprocate a gift' is called?

- A. Total prestation
- B. Return gift
- C. Reciprocity
- D. All of the above

10. Who is the author of the book titled '*The Second Sex*'?
- A. Simone de Beauvoir
 - B. Rae Lesser Blumberg
 - C. Leela Dube
 - D. Iravati Karve
11. Which among the following concepts is **not** associated with Karl Popper.
- A. Context of discovery and context of justification
 - B. Falsification
 - C. Verisimilitude
 - D. Average man
12. "Status" according to Max Weber entails:
- A. Differences in honour and privilege associated with life-style, hereditary occupation and education.
 - B. Differences in economic rewards associated with owning property.
 - C. Differences in life-chances associated with earning.
 - D. Differences in life chances associated with owning capital.
13. Who, among the following, argued against simply adopting the actor's point of view as the basis of social science understanding?
- A. Emile Durkheim
 - B. Hans Georg Gadamer
 - C. Peter Winch
 - D. Charles Taylor
14. Intersectionality is
- A. Intersecting ideas between people of different nations
 - B. Study of intersections between forms or systems of domination.
 - C. Study of inequalities from a Marxist perspective
 - D. Study of power provided by Max Weber and Michel Foucault
15. For Habermas, there is a 'legitimation crisis' when
- A. The state fails to be an effective techno-economic manager
 - B. The state becomes fascist
 - C. Sovereignty is in question
 - D. Individual acquires freedom

16. Which of the following statements is incorrect about Chi Square test?
- A. A chi-square test for independence compares two variables in a contingency table to see if they are related
 - B. It is a non-parametric procedure
 - C. The variables tested must be nominal or interval
 - D. The null hypothesis states that there is no relationship between the two variables

17. Which of the following statements are true about the capability approach?
- (i) Capabilities refer to achievements of a person – what s/he is able to be or do
 - (ii) Capabilities are a persons’ real freedoms or opportunities to achieve something
 - (iii) Capability helps to convert commodities into valuable achievements
 - (iv) Capability approach conceptualizes poverty in terms of income deprivation

- A. Only (ii)
- B. (i), (ii) and (iv)
- C. (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- D. (ii) and (iii)

18. Ted Gurr’s ‘Why Men Rebel’ proposes which of the following framework to study social movements?

- A. Structural Stress
- B. Relative Deprivation
- C. Resource Mobilization
- D. Class Conflict

19. Here is a list of anthropologists (I), who carried out fieldwork in different parts of India (II). Which of the following pairing is correct?

I	II
A. Kathleen Gough	Rampura Village in Mysore
B. M N Srinivas	Todas of Southern India
C. Radcliffe Brown	Andaman Islanders
D. W H R Rivers	Baigas and Gonds of Orissa

20. Mechanism-based explanations in the social sciences have been discussed by the following:

- A. Jon Elster
- B. Charles Tilly
- C. Andrew Abbott
- D. All of the above

21. Interpretative theory seeks
- A. Technical control over phenomena.
 - B. Reciprocal intersubjective understanding with subjects.
 - C. To grasp how actions become reciprocally meaningless.
 - D. Political control over phenomena
22. Who among the following addressed the problem of the bureaucratization of life in the emerging modern society?
- A. Saint Simon
 - B. Vilfredo Pareto
 - C. Max Weber
 - D. Emile Durkheim
23. Gayle Rubin critiqued 'sexual essentialism' as:
- A. An economic force that shapes social life and institutions.
 - B. A natural force that exists prior to social life and shapes institutions.
 - C. A social and historical construction.
 - D. A regulatory force that reproduces dominant ideas of society.
24. Who is the author of the book 'The Philosophy of Money'?
- A. Adam Smith
 - B. Ricardo
 - C. Karl Polanyi
 - D. Georg Simmel
25. 'Episteme' is:
- A. Systems of thought and knowledge
 - B. Individuals are normally not aware of it
 - C. Knowledge in unjustified belief
 - D. A and B of the above
26. Correlation coefficient is
- A. A measure of central tendency
 - B. A measure that shows extent to which two variables are related
 - C. A measure that shows average in a sample
 - D. A measure that shows the greatest frequency

27. The concept of 'conspicuous consumption' was first put forth by:
- A. Veblen in *Theory of the Leisure Class*
 - B. Bourdieu in *Distinction: A Social Critique of the Judgment of Taste*
 - C. Walter Benjamin's *The Work of Art in the Age of Mechanical Reproduction*
 - D. None of the above
28. Pierre Bourdieu's statement "Taste classifies the classifier" means that:
- A. There are categories such as 'High', 'Low', 'Elite', 'Mass' involved
 - B. It implies a political position as well as a cultural judgement
 - C. It reveals the values, beliefs and ideology of the person who is judging
 - D. All of the above
29. Here's a list of books (I) penned by social scientists pertaining to development with the name of authors listed out at the right (II). Match the following books (I) with their authors (II).
- | I | II |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| a. The Development Dictionary | i. Ivan Illich |
| b. Small is Beautiful | ii. Wolfgang Sachs |
| c. Development as Freedom | iii. Amartya Sen |
| d. Tools for Conviviality | iv. E. F. Schumacher |
- A. a:i b:ii c:iii d:iv
 - B. a:iv b:iii c:ii d:i
 - C. a:ii b:i c:iv d:iii
 - D. a:ii b:iv c:iii d:i
30. 'Gesellschaft' relationships, according to Tonnies are typically found in:
- A. Rural Communities
 - B. Tribal communities
 - C. Urban societies
 - D. Ethnic communities
31. The concept 'libidinal economy' was deployed by
- A. Georg Simmel
 - B. Jean-Francois Lyotard

- C. David Harvey
- D. Karl Polanyi

32. Who among the early Indian sociologists pushed Indian sociology to be interdisciplinary?

- A. K. P. Chattopadhyay
- B. G S Ghurye
- C. D P Mukerjee
- D. Louis Dumont

33. Who among following sociologists directly rejects dualisms or binaries in social theory:

- A. John Goldthorpe
- B. Tom Bottomore
- C. Anthony Giddens
- D. None of the above

34. Who among the following argued that history of science has not been one of steady progress in the accumulation of truth; rather, that it has been characterized by a series of paradigms, punctuated by discontinuous ruptures?

- A. Karl Popper
- B. Marquis De Condorcet
- C. Thomas Kuhn
- D. David Hume

35. Which of the following pairing of methodology with social theorist is correct?

I	II
A. Participant Objectivation	Pierre Bourdieu
B. Verstehen	Anselm Strauss and Barney Glaser
C. Dialectical methodology	Max Weber
D. Grounded theory	Karl Marx

Part-B**Section I****(15 Marks)**

Attempt any **One** of the following questions. The answer must not exceed 500 words.

1. How does the critique of positivism bear on the foundations of sociology both in its classical and contemporary contexts?
2. What is the relation between caste and Hinduism, and how does this relationship play out among the non-Hindu religious groups especially in India?
3. What are the challenges that underlie the ethnographic method? Do you think that feminist ethnography offers a way of engaging with these challenges?

Part- B**Section II****(20 Marks)**

Attempt a short note on any **Four** of the following questions. Each short note carries **Five** marks and must not exceed 200 words.

1. Relation between sociology and history.
2. Marx's Theory of Reification
3. Power and Resistance
4. Circulation of Elites
5. Althusser on 'Ideological State Apparatuses'
6. Brahminical Patriarchy
7. Rights of Migrant Labour
8. Colonial Legacy of Indian Sociology