

T-4

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS-2019
IMA: HINDI / LANGUAGE SCIENCE / TELUGU

HALL TICKET NUMBER: _____

INSTRUCTIONS
(Please read carefully)

The question paper has **Three** Sections
Viz. Part-A, Part-B and Part-C

Time : 2 hours

Max. Marks. 100

(Part-A:40 marks + Part-B: 35 Marks + Part-C: 25 Marks)

Answers must be marked on **OMR** sheets (with black/blue ball-point/sketch pen)

While answering Part –A
Students have to select **only ONE** of the following:

Part –A : Hindi (pages 2 to 7)

Or

Part –A : Language Science (pages 8 to 14)

Or

Part –A : Telugu (pages 15 to 18)

Part-B and Part-C are **Compulsory**
(pages 19 to 30)

There will be **negative marking** of 0.33 for every wrong answer in part – A

There is **no** negative marking for part-B and part-C

This book contains 30 pages including this page and extra page for the rough work. Please check that your paper has all the pages

NOTE: Candidates must indicate the option of Part-A by marking **A for Hindi, B for Language Science, and C for Telugu** on the OMR answer sheet for evaluation. In case of the option not being exercised by the candidate in the OMR answer sheet, the University reserves the right for not evaluating Part-A.

Part – A : Hindi

(Mark the Booklet code 'A' in the OMR Sheet)

1. 'जो दूसरों की भलाई चाहता है' उसे कहते हैं --
 (A) भला-व्यक्ति (B) परमार्थी
 (C) आदर्श-व्यक्ति (D) पारंगत
2. 'खयाली पुलाव पकाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है --
 (A) कठिन परिश्रम करना (B) स्वादिष्ट भोजन बनाना
 (C) हँसी उड़ाना (D) असंभव बातें सोचना
3. 'सौरभ' शब्द का अर्थ है --
 (A) सुगंध (B) स्वच्छ
 (C) सौ ईश्वर (D) निर्मल
4. निम्नलिखित में से भाववाचक संज्ञा शब्द है ---
 (A) चरित्र (B) प्रसन्नता
 (C) आम (D) गाय
5. इनमें से कौन-सा शब्द 'सूरज' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है ?
 (A) दिनेश (B) दिवाकर
 (C) रमेश (D) प्रभाकर
6. 'कीर्ति' का विलोम शब्द है --
 (A) प्रसिद्धि (B) अपकीर्ति
 (C) अवनति (D) निवृत्ति
7. 'निष्पाप' का सही संधि-विच्छेद है --
 (A) निष्+पाप (B) निष्+पाप
 (C) निश्+पाप (D) निः+पाप

8. इनमें से कौन-सा शब्द तत्पुरुष समास का उदाहरण नहीं है --
 (A) पीतांबर (B) आजानुसार
 (C) राष्ट्रपति (D) देशभक्त
9. 'राधा कलम से निबंध लिखती है।' वाक्य में 'कलम से' में कौन-सा कारक है --
 (A) संप्रदान (B) अपादान
 (C) करण (D) अधिकरण
10. 'मिठाई' शब्द का सही बहुवचन रूप है --
 (A) मिठाईया (B) मिठाइयाँ
 (C) मिठाइएँ (D) मिठाईयों
11. निम्नलिखित में से वर्तनी की दृष्टि से कौन-सा शब्द सही है --
 (A) समप्रेषण (B) सम्प्रेषण
 (C) सम्प्रेषण (D) समप्रेसन
12. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शब्द व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा है ---
 (A) आदमी (B) मोहन
 (C) पशु (D) घोड़ा
13. 'आरक्षण' शब्द में उपसर्ग है --
 (A) आ (B) आर
 (C) आर (D) क्षण
14. 'लखनवी' शब्द में प्रत्यय है --
 (A) अवी (B) वी
 (C) नवी (D) ई
15. निम्नलिखित में से ऊष्म व्यंजन कौन-सा है ?
 (A) श (B) र
 (C) छ (D) प

* निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़ कर प्रश्न संख्या 16 से 20 तक के प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।

दुनिया में एक से एक सुंदर पेड़ हैं । चीड़ है, देवदारु है, बरगद है, नीम है.... क्या-क्या नहीं है ? भगवान ने भी शायद पीपल को पसंद किया है । अगर पेड़ों में ही चुनना हो तो आड़ू के पेड़ को चुनने वाला खबूती ही कहलाएगा । तो क्या सचमुच में खबूती हूँ ? यदि कोई मुझसे पूछे, आड़ू का पेड़ कैसा होता है.... उसका वानस्पतिक वर्णन करो - तो मैं शायद ही कुछ बता पाऊँ । बहुत संभव है, आड़ू का पेड़ देखे भी मुझे पचीस-तीस साल गुजर गए होंगे । मैं रेगिस्तान में नहीं रहता, महानगर में भी नहीं । जिस बस्ती में डेरा डाले हूँ, उसके आदमियों से कहीं ज्यादा मेरी पेड़ों से पहचान है । सबके नाम पूछ लीजिए - आँखें बंद करके प्रत्येक का रूप-रंग, चेहरा-मोहरा सब बता दूँगा । मगर आड़ू ? वह तो यहाँ होता भी नहीं पहाड़ों में होता है और वहाँ भी ऐसा नहीं कि चट से दिखाई दे जाए । मैं पहाड़ में भी नगर का और नगर में भी बाज़ार का, आड़ू का पेड़ क्या मेरी तरह बाज़ारू है जो कहीं भी दिख जाएगा ?

16 उपर्युक्त गद्यांश में लेखक मुख्यतः किस पेड़ की बात कर रहा है । --

- | | |
|-------------|----------|
| (A) देवदारु | (B) आड़ू |
| (C) चीड़ | (D) पीपल |

17 आड़ू का पेड़ देखे हुए लेखक को कितने साल गुजर गये ?

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| (A) बीस-तीस साल | (B) बीस-पचीस साल |
| (C) पचीस-तीस साल | (D) दास-बीस साल |

18. आड़ू का पेड़ कहाँ होता है ?

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| (A) घर में | (B) जंगल में |
| (C) पहाड़ों में | (D) शहर में |

19. लेखक कहाँ रहता है ?

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| (A) महानगर में | (B) बस्ती में |
| (C) जंगल में | (D) रेगिस्तान में |

20. लेखक के अनुसार पेड़ों में आड़ू का पेड़ पसंद करनेवाला क्या कहलाएगा ?

- | | |
|-----------|--------------------|
| (A) खबूती | (B) जानी |
| (C) मूर्ख | (D) प्रकृति-प्रेमी |

21. 'माला तो कर में फिरै, जीभ फिरै मुख माँहि ।
मनुवाँ तो दहुँ दिसि फिरै, यह तौ सुमिरन नाहिं ॥' -- इस दोहे लेखक हैं --
(A) सूरदास (B) तुलसीदास
(C) रहीम (D) कबीरदास
22. 'रामचरितमानस' किसकी रचना है ?
(A) रामानंद (B) सूरदास
(C) तुलसीदास (D) केशवदास
23. इनमें से कौन वल्लभाचार्य के शिष्य थे --
(A) कबीरदास (B) भूषण
(C) रविदास (D) सूरदास
24. "चंदन विष व्यापत नहीं लिपटे रहत भुजंग" यह पंक्ति किस कवि की है -
(A) रसखान (B) रहीम
(C) जायसी (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
25. 'हामिद' प्रेमचंद की किस कहानी का पात्र है --
(A) सद्गति (B) पूस की रात
(C) ईदगाह (D) ठाकुर का कुआं
26. 'पूस की रात' कहानी के लेखक हैं --
(A) प्रेमचंद (B) जयशंकर प्रसाद
(C) बलराज साहनी (D) अज्ञेय
27. 'गिल्लू' कहानी किसकी रचना है ?
(A) महादेवी वर्मा (B) सुभद्रा कुमारी चौहान
(C) कमलेश्वर (D) प्रेमचन्द
28. 'हार की जीत' कहानी के लेखक हैं --
(A) हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी (B) सुदर्शन
(C) जैनेन्द्र (D) रांगेय राघव

29. 'निर्मला' उपन्यास के लेखक हैं --
 (A) जयशंकर प्रसाद (B) मोहन राकेश
 (C) प्रेमचंद (D) निराला
30. 'शरणदाता' कहानी के लेखक हैं --
 (A) नरेश वर्मा (B) कमलेश्वर
 (C) अमरकांत (D) अज्ञेय
31. 'वैष्णवता और भारतवर्ष' निबंध के लेखक हैं --
 (A) भारतेन्दु हरिश्चन्द्र (B) प्रतापनारायण मिश्र
 (C) बालकृष्ण भट्ट (D) जयशंकर प्रसाद
32. 'नाखून क्यों बढ़ते हैं ?' निबंध के लेखक हैं --
 (A) हजारीप्रसाद द्विवेदी (B) हरिशंकर परसाई
 (C) विवेकी राय (D) रामवृक्ष बेनीपुरी
33. 'मधुशाला' के लेखक हैं --
 (A) जयशंकर प्रसाद (B) हरिवंशराय बच्चन
 (C) अज्ञेय (D) मैथिली शरण गुप्त
34. 'पुष्प की अभिलाषा' शीर्षक कविता के लेखक हैं --
 (A) मैथिलीशरण गुप्त (B) माखनलाल चतुर्वेदी
 (C) निराला (D) सुमित्रानंदन पंत
35. 'सलाम' कहानी के लेखक हैं --
 (A) ओमप्रकाश वाल्मीकि (B) जयप्रकाश कर्दम
 (C) अमरकांत (D) राजेन्द्र यादव
36. प्रेमचन्द की किस कहानी पर उसी शीर्षक से फिल्म भी बनी है ?
 (A) ईदगाह (B) पूस की रात
 (C) शतरंज के खिलाड़ी (D) दूध का दाम

37. 'अनुदान' का अंग्रेज़ी अनुवाद है --
(A) Assistance (B) Help
(C) Permission (D) Grant
38. 'मानवतावाद' का अंग्रेज़ी अनुवाद है --
(A) Idealism (B) Humanism
(C) Human Rights (D) Realism
39. 'Notification' का हिन्दी अनुवाद है --
(A) अधिसूचना (B) सूचना
(C) पत्र (D) परिपत्र
40. 'Vice-Chancellor' का हिन्दी अनुवाद है --
(A) सचिव (B) अध्यक्ष
(C) कुलपति (D) कुलसचिव

PART A: LANGUAGE SCIENCE

(Mark the booklet code 'B' in the OMR sheet)

1. Which of the following languages are official languages in Tamil Nadu?
A. English
B. Tamil

(A) Only (i)
(B) Both (i) and (ii)
(C) Only (ii)
(D) None of the above
2. The abbreviation OCR stands for _____
(A) Optical Code Recognizer (B) Optical Cable Receiver
(C) Open Character Recogniser (D) Optical Character Recognizer
3. Bankim Chandra Chatterjee is the author of the famous book _____
(A) AnandaMath
(B) Gitanjali
(C) Devdas
(D) Ashtadhyayi
4. In computer terminology what does *jpeg* mean?
(A) Joint Photo Exchange Goals
(B) Joined Picture Enlargement Graphics
(C) Joint Photographic Experts Group
(D) Justified Pictorial Emphasis Growth
5. Pick the odd member out from the following set:
(A) Noun
(B) Verb
(C) Metaphor
(D) Adjective
6. In the following set of sentences, choose the pair that logically relates to the statement given:
If he takes good medicine, he will get well.
A. He talks to the doctor.
B. He will not need medicine.
C. He will get well.
D. He takes medicine.
(A) AB (B) DC (C) BA (D) AD

7. In the _____ parts of India Konkani is spoken.
(A) Northern
(B) Eastern
(C) Southern
(D) Western
8. Marathi and Nepali belong to the _____ Language Family.
(A) Indo-Aryan
(B) Tibeto Burman
(C) Austro Asiatic
(D) Dravidian
9. The grammatical categories of 'Nominative, Accusative and Genitive' belong to _____.
(A) Number System
(B) Gender System
(C) Case System
(D) Person System
10. _____ was sanctioned the status of a 'Classical Language' in India in 2014.
(A) Tamil
(B) Odia
(C) Sanskrit
(D) Telugu
11. A book or document written by hand rather than typed or printed is a _____.
(A) Inscript
(B) Postscript
(C) Manuscript
(D) festschrift
12. Tolkappiyam is a _____.
(A) Novel
(B) Grammar text
(C) Epic
(D) Musical text
13. Urdu is one of the two official languages of which of the following states?
(A) Telangana
(B) Andhra Pradesh
(C) Jammu & Kashmir
(D) Madhya Pradesh

14. In a computer keyboard, the first character of a proper noun can be typed by using _____
- (A) Backspace Key
 - (B) NumLock Key
 - (C) Shift Key
 - (D) CapsLock Key
15. The 'Three Language Formula' in India is formulated to be implemented in the domain of _____.
- (A) Education
 - (B) Judiciary
 - (C) Administration
 - (D) Trade and Commerce.
16. A 'biopic' is a _____.
- (A) biological picture
 - (B) biographical film
 - (C) autobiographical film
 - (D) Adapted film
17. In "A forest has trees", the relation between the two noun phrases 'forest' and 'trees' is that of _____
- (A) Synonymy
 - (B) Portion-Mass
 - (C) Member-Collection
 - (D) Metonymy
18. Indicate whether each of the following sentence pairs expresses same or different statements.
- A. i. John saw Mary with binoculars.
ii. Mary had binoculars in her hand.
- *B. i. The hunter shot the elephant in his pajamas.
ii. The elephant was wearing the hunter's pajamas.
- (A) A makes same statements
 - (B) Both A and B make different statements
 - (C) Both A and B have an ambiguous statement in (i).
 - (D) B makes same statements
19. Words like 'Aiyyo', 'Arerrey' etc which indicate people's attitudes, mood etc are called _____.
- (A) Interrogatives.
 - (B) Exclamatories.
 - (C) Attributives.
 - (D) Conjunction.

20. Which of the following is not a script used for Indian languages?
 (A) Thaana
 (B) Gurumukhi
 (C) Both A and B
 (D) Neither A nor B
21. Pāṇini's Aṣṭādhyāyī has _____ chapters.
 (A) Four
 (B) Six
 (C) Twelve
 (D) Eight
22. Since Patañjali, Apabhramśa is a term used to identify spoken languages such as _____.
 (A) Urdu and Persian
 (B) Tamil and Malayalam
 (C) Prakrit and Pali
 (D) Manipuri and Mizo
23. A 'pickpocket' can mean _____.
 i. A kind of pocket.
 ii. A person who steals from the pocket.
 (A) Both i & ii
 (B) Neither i nor ii
 (C) Only i
 (D) Only ii
24. What 'Siri', 'Cortana', 'Alexa' and so on have in common is _____.
 (A) Product Recognition
 (B) Speech Recognition
 (C) Face Recognition
 (D) Text Recognition
25. The first state to be formed based on the Linguistic Reorganization of States Act is _____.
 (A) Arunachal Pradesh
 (B) Assam
 (C) Andhra Pradesh
 (D) Tamil Nadu
26. "May I leave" is a _____.
 (A) request
 (B) permission
 (C) command
 (D) question

27. When you try to produce the sound /f/ which one of the following statements is true of it's production?

- (A) Upper teeth and the lower lip.
- (B) Both the lips are involved
- (C) Both the teeth are involved
- (D) Upper lip and the lower teeth.

28. In traditional grammar, verbs like 'will', 'can', 'shall', 'is' etc., in English are called _____

- (A) Main Verbs
- (B) Auxiliary Verbs
- (C) Compound Verbs
- (D) Phrasal Verbs

29. The mobile texting messages like 'me 2', 'c u' etc., are replacements at the level of _____

- (A) Sound
- (B) vowel sounds
- (C) Words
- (D) Orthography

Consider the following data from Mandarin Chinese and answer the questions from 31 to 40.

dǐngdēng	'top light'	yóuzhǐ	'oil paper'
diànchē	'street car, tram'	fēijī	'aeroplane'
diàndēng	'electric lamp'	yúyóu	'fish oil'
diànjī	'electrical machine'	huāyuán	'flower garden'
shuǐchē	'water cart'	diànlì	'electric power'
yóudēng	'oil lamp'	zhǐhuā	'paper flower'
shuǐlì	'waterpower'	wěidēng	'tail light'

30. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'paper' is _____.

- (A) dià
- (B) huā
- (C) yóu
- (D) zhǐ

31. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'light'/'lamp' is _____.

- (A) dēng
- (B) yóu
- (C) diàn
- (D) dīng

32. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'garden' is _____.
- (A) yuán
 - (B) dēng
 - (C) huā
 - (D) yóu
33. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'electric' is _____.
- (A) dēng
 - (B) diàn
 - (C) shuǐ
 - (D) huā
34. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'oil' is _____.
- (A) yú
 - (B) yóu
 - (C) huā
 - (D) fēi
35. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'cart'/'car' is _____.
- (A) chē
 - (B) ànchē
 - (C) ǐchē
 - (D) fēi
36. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'fish' is _____.
- (A) yúyó
 - (B) yóu
 - (C) yú
 - (D) yuán
37. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'flower' is _____.
- (A) hē
 - (B) zhǐ
 - (C) hǐ
 - (D) huā
38. The Mandarin Chinese word corresponding to 'power' is _____.
- (A) uǐlì
 - (B) lì
 - (C) ànlì
 - (D) ànjī

39. According to the data, 'fish tail' will be _____.

- (A) yúwěi
- (B) yúchē
- (C) wěiyú
- (D) yúli

40. According to the data, 'paper cart' will be _____.

- (A) zhǐlì
- (B) chēzhǐ
- (C) zhǐchē
- (D) chēfēi

Part - A - TELUGU

(Mark the Booklet Code C in the OMR sheet)

(కింది ప్రశ్నలకు ఒక్కొక్క దానికి నాలుగేసి ప్రత్యామ్నాయ సమాధానాలు ఉన్నాయి. వీటిలో సరైన సమాధాన ఒక్కటే. దాన్ని OMR Sheetలో గుర్తించండి)

1. 'ఆదికవి' ఎవరి ఆస్థాన కవి?

(A) గణపతి దేవ చక్రవర్తి (B) రాజరాజనరేంద్రుడు (C) మనుమసిద్ధి (D) కృష్ణదేవరాయలు
2. 'ఆంధ్ర శబ్ద చింతామణి' గ్రంథకర్త?

(A) తిక్కన (B) పోతన (C) ఎర్రన (D) నన్నయ
3. 'ఉభయ కవి మిత్రుడు' ఎవరి బిరుదు?

(A) తిక్కన (B) మారన (C) భీమన (D) పోతన
4. 'బసవ పురాణము' ఎవరు రాశారు?

(A) ధూర్జటి (B) పాల్కురికి సోమన (C) పెద్దన (D) భట్టుమూర్తి
5. ఎర్రన రాసిన కావ్యం?

(A) మను వంశం (B) శిశు వంశం (C) హరివంశం (D) శివ వంశం
6. 'రంగనాథ రామాయణము' కర్త?

(A) భాస్కర రెడ్డి (B) గోనబుద్ధారెడ్డి (C) నందిని సిదారెడ్డి (D) దువ్వూరి రామిరెడ్డి
7. 'శృంగార నైషధము' కృతికర్త?

(A) ఏకామ్రనాథుడు (B) వినుగు లక్ష్మణ కవి (C) వినుకొండ వల్లభ రాయుడు (D) శ్రీనాథుడు
8. 'శృంగార శాకుంతలము' గ్రంథకర్త?

(A) పిల్లలమర్రి పినవీరన (B) చేమకూర వేంకటకవి (C) పిడపర్తి సోమన (D) వేములవాడ భీమన
9. 'నారాయణ శతకము' ఎవరు రాశారు?

(A) కేతన (B) బద్దెన (C) పోతన (D) గౌరన
10. 'వరూధిని' ఏ ప్రబంధంలోని పాత్ర?

(A) వసు చరిత్ర (B) మను చరిత్ర (C) భోగినీ దండకం (D) భారతం

11. 'అప్పకవీయం' ఎటువంటి శాస్త్ర గ్రంథం

(A) గణిత శాస్త్రం (B) పౌర శాస్త్రం (C) లక్షణ శాస్త్రం (D) సంఖ్యా శాస్త్రం

12. వేములవాడ భీమకవి లక్షణ గ్రంథం ఏది?

(A) రామాయణం (B) కవిజనాశ్రయం (C) భారతం (D) భాగవతం

13. 'గోసంగి' పాత్ర ఏ ప్రబంధంలో ఉంటుంది?

(A) ఆముక్తమాల్యద (B) కాశీఖండం (C) రంగనాథ రామాయణం (D) శివభారతం

14. 'విక్రమార్క చరిత్ర' ఎవరు రాశారు?

(A) మాదయ గారి మల్లన (B) కేతన (C) వేమన (D) జక్కన

15. 'కుమార సంభవము' గ్రంథకర్త?

(A) నన్నె చోడుడు (B) కులోత్తుంగుడు (C) శ్రీనాథుడు (D) చెన్నకేశవుడు

16. 'నల్ల కలువ' ఏ సమాసం?

(A) వైరి సమాసం (B) విశేషణ పూర్వపద కర్మధారయ సమాసం (C) ద్వంద్వ సమాసం
(D) ద్వీగు సమాసం

17. 'అత్యంత' ఏ సంధి?

(A) గుణ సంధి (B) సవర్ణదీర్ఘ సంధి (C) యుణాదేశ సంధి (D) అకార సంధి

18. 'పేదరాలు' ఏ సంధి?

(A) హల్ సంధి (B) వృద్ధి సంధి (C) రుగాగమ సంధి (D) టుగాగమ సంధి

19. ఉత్పలమాల ఛందో గణాలు?

(A) స,భ,ర,న,మ,య,వ (B) భ,ర,న,భ,భ,ర,వ (C) మ,స,జ,స,త,త,గ (D) న,జ,భ,జ,జ,జ,ర

20. శ్రీనాథుని 'పల్నాటి వీరచరిత్ర' ఎటువంటి కావ్యం?

(A) ద్వీపద కావ్యం (B) త్రిపద కావ్యం (C) ప్రబంధం (D) రగడ కావ్యం

21. 'ముత్యాల సరాలు' ఎవరు రాశారు?
 (A) సాంఖ్యాయన శర్మ (B) భుజంగరాయ శర్మ (C) గిడుగు రామ్మూర్తి (D) గురజాడ అప్పారావు
22. తొలి ఆధునిక కథ?
 (A) బొండు మల్లెలు (B) మైదానం (C) దిద్దుబాటు (D) కలుపు మొక్కలు
23. ఈ సంవత్సరం ఎవరి శతవర్షంతి?
 (A) గురజాడ అప్పారావు (B) న్యాపతి సుబ్బారావు (C) దాసు శ్రీరాములు (D) కందుకూరివీరేశలింగం
24. 'మధురవాణి' పాత్ర ఉన్న నాటకం?
 (A) చింతామణి (B) కన్యాశుల్కం (C) సురభి (D) సారంగధర
25. 'సాక్షి' వ్యాసాల రచయిత?
 (A) ఆదిభట్ల నారాయణ దాసు (B) కాశీభట్ల బ్రహ్మయ్య (C) పానుగంటి లక్ష్మీ నరసింహారావు
 (D) దీపాల పిచ్చయ్య శాస్త్రి
26. తిరుపతి వేంకట కవులు ఏ ప్రక్రియలో ప్రసిద్ధులు?
 (A) అవధానం (B) గానం (C) ధ్యానం (D) చిత్రలేఖనం
27. 'అభినవ పోతన' అంటే ఎవరు?
 (A) వానమామలై వరదాచార్యులు (B) వాసిరెడ్డి భాస్కరరావు (C) గార్లపాటి రాఘవరెడ్డి
 (D) అనుముల కృష్ణమూర్తి
28. 'త్యణకంకణం' కావ్యకర్త?
 (A) ఖండవల్లి లక్ష్మీరంజనం (B) రాయప్రోలు సుబ్బారావు (C) బసవరాజు అప్పారావు
 (D) సాదామిని
29. 'గాలిబ్ గీతాలు' ఎవరు అనువదించారు?
 (A) దేవులపల్లి రామానుజరావు (B) బూర్గుల రామకృష్ణారావు (C) దాశరథి (D) సదాశివ
30. 'కర్పూర వసంతరాయలు' రాసిన కవి ఎవరు?
 (A) అనిశెట్టి (B) ఆరుద్ర (C) షేక్ దావూద్ కవి (D) సి.నారాయణ రెడ్డి

31. 'నా గోడవ' రచయిత ఎవరు?
 (A) కాళోజి (B) మాదిరాజు రంగారావు (C) పేర్వారం జగన్నాథం (D) పీవీ నరసింహారావు
32. 'తెలంగాణా' దీర్ఘ కావ్య రచయిత?
 (A) కుందుర్తి (B) శ్రీశ్రీ (C) ఆరుద్ర (D) చేరా
33. 'భారతంలో స్త్రీ' ఎవరి విమర్శ గ్రంథం?
 (A) రంగనాయకమ్మ (B) పాకాల యశోదా రెడ్డి (C) ఓల్గా (D) ముదిగంటి సుజాత రెడ్డి
34. 'పానశాల' రచయిత ఎవరు ?
 (A) చలం (B) దువ్వూరి రామిరెడ్డి (C) విశ్వనాథ (D) కృష్ణ శాస్త్రి
35. 'పిరదాసి' కావ్యకర్త ఎవరు?
 (A) జాషువ (B) రాయప్రోలు (C) కరుణశ్రీ (D) దిలావర్
36. 'మాలపల్లి' ఎవరి నవల?
 (A) ఉప్పల లక్ష్మణ రావు (B) మునిమాణిక్యం నరసింహారావు (C) ఉన్నవ లక్ష్మీనారాయణపంతులు
 (D) కొడవటిగంటి కుటుంబ రావు
37. 'ఊరబావి' ఎవరి కథ?
 (A) కరుణ కుమార (B) మధురాంతకం రాజారాం (C) కేతు విశ్వనాథరెడ్డి (D) కొలకూరి ఇనాక్
38. 'గజల్' ఏ భాషలో ప్రసిద్ధి?
 (A) ఇంగ్లీష్ (B) ఉర్దూ (C) ఫ్రెంచ్ (D) తమిళం
39. హైకు ప్రక్రియ ఏ దేశానికి చెందినది?
 (A) జపాన్ (B) బర్మా (C) నేపాల్ (D) చైనా
40. 'సరస్వతి సమ్మాన్' అందుకున్న తొలి తెలుగు కవి.
 (A) సి. నారాయణ రెడ్డి (B) ఎన్. గోపి (C) కె. శివారెడ్డి (D) నగ్నముని

Part - B

41. Amy has gone away. She will be away next Saturday.
 (A) since
 (B) until
 (C) upon
 (D) by
42. Had I known about your visit to this city, I met you.
 (A) would have
 (B) have had
 (C) will have
 (D) would had
43. What are you doing this evening?
 I my school friends.
 (A) meet
 (B) meeting
 (C) am meeting
 (D) will meeting
44. Which of the following is the correct sentence?
 (A) Neither of theatres we went to were good
 (B) Neither of the theatres we went to were good.
 (C) Neither of the theatres we went were good.
 (D) Neither of theatres we went were good.
45. Are these the books that?
 (A) yours looking?
 (B) yours looking for?
 (C) you were looking?
 (D) your were looking for?

Find out the correct meanings of the underlined words in the given text.

Hernando de Soto, the Spanish governor of Cuba, was the first white man to reach the banks of the Mississippi. On 3 June 1539 he landed with 730 men and 237 horses at Tampa Bay in Florida. He took possession (46) of the area in the name of the King of Spain, and marched in land in search of gold and rubies. His compatriots Coronado and Alvarez de Pineda had already penetrated (47) the mysterious North American continent. The former, starting from Mexico, travelled across part of the south-west in a vain (48) attempt to discover the seven mythical cities of Cibola; the latter explored the gulf, landing in Texas. Members of these expeditions (49) had brought back

rumours of fabulous treasure, and de Soto, who had taken part in the conquest of Perus, believed the undiscovered lands beyond Florida to be a new Eldorado of incredible (50) wealth.

(From Miller, A. (Ed.) *The Mississippi*, as cited in Grellet, F. 1981, p. 137)

- 46. (A) the state of having, owning, or controlling something
 (B) the act of dedicating something to a powerful ruler
 (C) the act of trespassing area owned by enemy people
 (D) the state of transferring the power of control to others

- 47. (A) finding something that is mysterious for human understanding
 (B) occupying a place rightfully in the name of a powerful king
 (C) go into or through something especially with force or effort
 (D) entering a new place out of a zeal for adventure

- 48. (A) straight forward
 (B) degrading
 (C) useless
 (D) profitable

- 49. (A) plundering an enemy country by a group of warriors
 (B) a group of adventurous people
 (C) robbing a new place by a group of robbers
 (D) a journey undertaken with a particular purpose

- 50. (A) unbelievable
 (B) unmanageable
 (C) uncontrollable
 (D) unbearable

Read the following paragraph and answer the questions that follow.

Of all the many factors which contributed to the Industrial Revolution, the most revolutionary and the most impressive was not coal but steam-power. J. L. and Barbara Hammond said that steam-power 'declared the triumph of industry and the glory of man'. From clumsy and inefficient beginnings it was quickly improved to open up tremendous possibilities for industrial progress. The limitations of muscle-power are obvious, and though water had served well to work bellows and hammers in iron works, or to turn machinery like the water-frame and the mule in the textile industry, it could only be applied in a limited way in Britain. For water-power is most useful in a land with many fast-flowing streams and, apart from areas like the Pennines, Scotland, and Wales, this country's rivers flow slowly. The Alpine area of Europe, and much of the United States relied on water-power for much longer than Britain, and hydro-electricity has brought water back into its own in many parts of the

world. The geographical imitations of Britain's water-power, however, necessitated finding an alternative solution to the problem.

(From Dawson, K. *The Industrial Revolution*, as cited in Grellet, F. 1981, p. 156)

51. Which of the following statement/s is/are true?
- A. The only factor that contributed to the Industrial Revolution was coal
 - B. There were many impressive factors which most contributed to the Industrial Revolution.
 - C. Steam-power was the most impressive factor that contributed to the Industrial Revolution.
 - D. Both coal and steam-power contributed equally to the Industrial Revolution in a major way.
- (A) Both A and C
 - (B) Neither A nor C
 - (C) Only A
 - (D) Only C
52. Which of the following statements are true according to the passage?
- A. At the beginning, the performance of coal was efficient.
 - B. Steam-power provided good opportunities for progress in industry.
 - C. The human muscle-power has limitations in Britain.
 - D. The applications of water-power were limited in Britain.
- (A) A & B
 - (B) B & C
 - (C) B & D
 - (D) C & D
53. 'It' in the third sentence of the paragraph refers to
- (A) coal
 - (B) steam-power
 - (C) industrial revelation
 - (D) industry
54. 'bellows' is a/an
- (A) scientific discovery
 - (B) apparatus
 - (C) energy generating fuel
 - (D) mathematical formula

55. The main theme of the paragraph is
(A) Industrial Revolution in Britain
(B) scientific discoveries
(C) steam power
(D) efficiency of coal and steam-power

56. Find the meaning of the underlined phrase.

The Director hit the nail on the head when he proposed the closure of the company.

- (A) to describe the exact situation or problem
(B) to picture the future condition
(C) to criticize vehemently
(D) to punish somebody

57. Choose a meaningful sentence.

- A. Every West German citizen to his government, by a twelve-digit number, nine years ahead of Orwellian projections, by 1975, may be officially known.
B. Nine years ahead by 1975 of Orwellian projections, to his government by a twelve-digit number, every West German citizen may be officially known.
C. By a twelve-digit number, by 1975, may be officially known to his government, every West German citizen, nine years ahead of Orwellian projections.
D. By 1975, nine years ahead of Orwellian projections, every West German citizen may be officially known to his government by a twelve-digit number.

- (A) A
(B) B
(C) C
(D) D

58. Beginning to learn how to write a story is something not to be afraid

- (A) with
(B) of
(C) out
(D) by

59. Find out the part of sentence which has an error.

He demonstrates a Western sensibility only in his personal lifestyle, but also in his
1
rationalism, his political vision and his support for concepts of equal opportunity and
2
3
affirmative action.
4

(Mukherjee, A. K. 2013, p. 298)

- (A) 1
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

60. Fill in the blank choosing the correct term.

Her tiny, cute kitten loves to sleep in this blanket.

- (A) beautiful woolen orange
- (B) orange beautiful woolen
- (C) woolen beautiful orange
- (D) beautiful orange woolen

61. Fill in the blank with the correct word.

Workers were terminated because of losses in business. This was challenged legally by some the workers.

- (A) terminate
- (B) terminator
- (C) termination
- (D) terminated

62. Many accidents caused by careless driving.

- (A) are
- (B) have
- (C) is
- (D) will

63. Which of the following is the correct sentence?

- A. I have been writing this assignment since yesterday morning.
- B. I am writing this assignment since yesterday morning.
- C. I have been writing this assignment from yesterday morning.
- D. I am writing this assignment from yesterday morning.

- (A) A
- (B) B
- (C) C
- (D) D

64. Find the incorrect sentence.

- (A) He used to smoke 25 cigarettes per day
- (B) She used to cook early in the morning this month.
- (C) The boy used to go to school by an autorikshaw.
- (D) As a child I used to play with a toy train.

65. Find out the correct form of the question.

Your friend looks soaked walking in the rain.

You ask:

- (A) Have you been walking in the rain?
- (B) Has you been walking in the rain?
- (C) Have been walking?
- (D) Have you walking in the rain?

66. Find the odd one.

- (A) Preplan
- (B) Predetermine
- (C) Preexist
- (D) Prepare

67. Find the odd one.

- (A) Domination-superiority
- (B) Demand-supply
- (C) Command-rule
- (D) Oppression-tyranny

68. Find the incorrect one.

- (A) She is a patient, isn't she?
- (B) You work in a hospital, don't you?
- (C) They haven't met him, haven't they?
- (D) They have left for a vacation, haven't they?

69. Find out the sentence with correct punctuation.

- (A) Life is full of stress. For instance a mother who is about to give birth to a child a boy during his first day at school, a young man going for an interview, a student appearing for an examination and young people getting married, are all under stress.
- (B) Life is full of stress. For instance, a mother who is about to give birth to a child a boy during his first day at school a young man going for an interview a student appearing for an examination and young people getting married, are all under stress.
- (C) Life is full of stress For instance, a mother who is about to give birth to a child, a boy during his first day at school a young man going for an interview, a student appearing for an examination and young people getting married are all under stress.
- (D) Life is full of stress. For instance, a mother who is about to give birth to a child, a boy during his first day at school, a young man going for an interview, a student appearing for an examination and young people getting married, are all under stress.

70. The correct sentences in pair A and pair B are

- A. 1. The living room has a big window, which keeps the room cool.
2. The living room has a big window, what keeps the room cool.
 - B. 1. She has two brothers which are older than her.
2. She has two brothers who are older than her.
- (A) A. 1 and B. 1
 - (B) A. 1 and B. 2
 - (C) A. 2 and B. 1
 - (D) A. 2 and B. 2

71. Find the incorrect usage of the word everyday.

- (A) I speak to my father on phone almost everyday.
- (B) We don't buy objects which are not useful in everyday life.
- (C) He likes to paint pictures of everyday objects.
- (D) This movie effectively portrayed the everyday lives of ordinary Russians.

72. Find incorrectly spelt word.

- (A) Possession
- (B) Concession
- (C) Cecsation
- (D) Precision

73. Find the sentence with improper article usage.

- (A) I hope I didn't write a wrong answer in the examination.
- (B) I like to keep every object in the house in the right place.
- (C) The pen you were searching for is on a table.
- (D) The next step is to add sugar.

74. Find the incorrect word.

- (A) Glorification
- (B) Globalization
- (C) Gratification
- (D) Grandification

75. Fill in the blank choosing an appropriate word.

The throw-away spirit or the spirit of has become part of American life and consumption only keeps rising.

- (A) wastefulness
- (B) wastage
- (C) waste
- (D) wastageness

Part - C

- 76. In which year did the Jallianwala Bagh Massacre take place :
 (A) 1919 (B) 1920
 (C) 1929 (D) 1930
- 77. The full form of ATM is :
 (A) Automatic Time Machine (B) Automated Teller Machine
 (C) Any time money (D) Automatic Teller Machine
- 78. The full form of Wi-Fi is:
 (A) wireless fidelity (B) wireless facility
 (C) wireless Internet (D) wireless connection
- 79. The full form of GST is :
 (A) Goods Service Tax (B) Good Service Tax
 (C) Goods and Services Tax (D) Government Service Tax
- 80. The General Election 2019 was held for _____ constituencies.
 (A) 543 (B) 550
 (C) 544 (D) 540
- 81. What is the common name of Sodium chloride ?
 (A) Baking Power (B) Bleaching Power
 (C) Common salt (D) Caustic Soda
- 82. What is the measurement unit of Power (Electrical Parameter) ?
 (A) Volt (B) Watt
 (C) Ohm (D) Ampere
- 83. Who is the famous singer who has been awarded 'Bharat Ratna' this year (2019) ?
 (A) Manna Dey (B) Bhupen Hazarika
 (C) Asha Bhosle (D) Lata Mangeskar
- 84. Which of the following country's President attended the 2019 Republic Day as the chief guest ?
 (A) Thailand (B) Malaysia
 (C) South Africa (D) Japan
- 85. The first Indian state to implement 10% quota for economically poor in the general category :
 (A) Gujarat (B) Punjab
 (C) Bihar (D) Maharashtra
- 86. In which state was India's longest single-lane steel cable suspension bridge constructed ?
 (A) Assam (B) Mizoram
 (C) Meghalaya (D) Arunachal Pradesh

87. In which of the following states was it decided to exit from the Central Government's ambitious 'Ayushman Bharat – Pradhan Mantri Jan Aarogya Yojana' ?
 (A) Karnataka (B) West Bengal
 (C) Jammu – Kashmir (D) Rajasthan
88. Dada Saheb Palke award for 2017 has been conferred on :
 (A) Vinod Khanna (B) Ranikanth
 (C) Amitabh Bachchan (D) Kamal Hasan
89. What is the capital city of Lakshadweep?
 (A) Daman (B) Kavaratti
 (C) Minicoy (D) Kalpeni
90. The author of 'Jungle Book' is
 (A) Ruskin Bond (B) R.K. Laxman
 (C) Rudyard Kipling (D) Rabindranath Tagore
91. The full form of CCTV is
 (A) Closely covering Television (B) Closed Circuit Television
 (C) Clear camera Television (D) Closed camera Television
92. Which ocean is named after a country ?
 (A) Arabian Ocean (B) Antarctic Ocean
 (C) Pacific Ocean (D) Indian Ocean
93. The World Yoga Day is observed on
 (A) 20th June (B) 22nd June
 (C) 21st June (D) 23rd June
94. The headquarters of World Health Organisation is located at
 (A) New York (B) Rome
 (C) Paris (D) London
95. The first Indian woman to become an IPS officer is
 (A) Meera Borwankar (B) Vimla Mehra
 (C) Kiran Bedi (D) Archana Ramasundaram
96. The first Indian to win medals consistently in two consecutive the Olympics of 2008 and 2012 is
 (A) Sania Mirza (B) Sunil Kumar
 (C) Leander Paes (D) Ashish Kumar
97. Kabaddi is the national sport of
 (A) Bangladesh (B) Pakistan
 (C) India (D) Japan

98. Which team scored the highest runs (278 runs) in T20 international cricket ?
(A) Australia (B) India
(C) Afghanistan (D) England
99. The first Indian woman to win an Olympic silver medal is
(A) Saina Nehwal (B) Karnam Malleswari
(C) Mary Kom (D) P V Sindhu
100. How many teams are participating in ICC Cricket World Cup 2019 ?
(A) 10 (B) 14
(C) 12 (D) 15

University of Hyderabad

Entrance Examinations - 2019

School/Department/Centre : College for Integrated Studies

Course/Subject : I.M.A. Hindi / Language Science / Telugu

Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer	Q.No.	Answer
1	B	26	A	51	D	76	A
2	D	27	A	52	C	77	B
3	A	28	B	53	B	78	A
4	*	29	C	54	B	79	C
5	C	30	D	55	C	80	A
6	B	31	A	56	A	81	C
7	D	32	A	57	D	82	B
8	A	33	B	58	B	83	B
9	C	34	B	59	A	84	C
10	B	35	A	60	D	85	A
11	C	36	C	61	C	86	D
12	B	37	D	62	A	87	B
13	A	38	B	63	A	88	A
14	D	39	A	64	B	89	B
15	A	40	C	65	A	90	C
16	B	41	B	66	D	91	B
17	C	42	A	67	B	92	D
18	C	43	C	68	C	93	C
19	B	44	B	69	D	94	*
20	A	45	*	70	B	95	C
21	D	46	A	71	A	96	*
22	C	47	C	72	C	97	A
23	D	48	C	73	C	98	C
24	B	49	D	74	D	99	D
25	C	50	A	75	A	100	A

Note/Remarks: * 01 (One) mark to be given to all candidates.

Signature

Director School/Department/Centre

College for Integrated Studies
University of Hyderabad

Sanjay S
6.6.19
K. K. K.
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