Hall Ticket No.	
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## University of Hyderabad ENTRANCE EXAMINATION 2013-2014

## M. Sc in Ocean & Atmospheric Sciences

		2720	in occan w	rumospherie sciences	S
Date	e/Day: 25.02	2.2013, Monday			
Tim	e: 10.00 - 1	2.00		•	Marks:75
	ictions for the				
1. A	ll questions ca	arry equal marks.	01.00		
an 4. Th 5. An 6. Ha	ne question parties and the question parties are to and over	e answers are to be incorper consists of Part A be marked on the OM	dicated with cap and Part B. IR answer sheet	t following the instructions probable answer shoot at the and	or each question, there are four A, B, C and D.  rovided there upon.
/. TAI	o additional si	heets will be provided able calculators are al	l. Kough work d	can be done in the space prov	of the examination, ided at the end of the booklet.
			<b>PA</b>	RT - A	
1	. The radii	us of the hydrogen	atom in its g	ground state is 0.53 Å. A	After collision with an
	electron	its radius is found	to be unchar	nged. Its principal quanto	ım number is
	(A)1	(B) 0	(C) 2	(D) n, where n is a	ny positive integer.
2	(A) scatte (B) absen (C) absor	ering of light. ace of some eleme ption of certain w	nts in the Suravelengths b	rum are caused by the  n. y elements present in the y elements present in the	e Earth's atmosphere. e outer layer of the Sun.
3.	number o	of nuclei required p	e nuclear rea	ection is 100 MeV, for a	320 kW power plant, the
	(A)2 X 10	$0^{16}$ (B) 4	$10^{16}$	(C) $6.023 \times 10^{23}$	(D) 10 <sup>16</sup>
4.	into anotr	ier tube of half the	e diameter, w	in a burette is 1 $\Omega$ . If the hat will be its resistance	e same solution is poured?
	(A)1 Ω	(B) 0	).5 Ω	(C) 16 $\Omega$	(D) $0.0625 \Omega$
5.	If the Earn	th's gravity were t	to become ha	lf its value, then an obje	ct on the surface would
	(A) Both	n weight and mass	s (B) mass,	but not weight.	
	(C) weig	ght, but not mass.		r weight nor mass.	
				•	

6.	The shape of the Earth	h is							
	(A) Spherical	(B) prolate spl	heroidal	(C) obl	ate sphe	eroidal	(D) ell	iptical	
7.	The oceans cover abo (A)49%	ut <i>x</i> % of the su (B) 70%	rface ar	ea of the (C) 490		The va	lue of x (D) 0.7		
	(11) 47/0	(D) 1070		(0) 470	,0		(D) 0.7		
8.	The average depth of	the oceans is							
	(A)6370 km	(B) 4000 km	(C) 10	0 km		(D) 4 k	m		
9.	The salt content of the	e oceans is abou	ut						
	(A)I mg/kg	(B) 1 g/kg	(C) 35	kg/kg		(D) 35	g/kg		
10	The ocean which has	the largest area	is the						
	(A)Atlantic	•		lian		(D) Ar	ctic		
		. 1 1							
11.	Salt which is the most (A)KCl	t abundant in th (B) Na		1 1S	(C) Ca	$CO_2$		(D) MgCO	•
	(11)1101	(2) 110	.01		(0) 04	003		(D) MgCO	•
12.	The speed of sound or			t in air.	The valu		is		
	(A)2	(B) < 0	(C)0.5			(D) <5			
13.	Tsunami never occurs	s in the							
	(A)Coastal area margins	(B) islands	(C) dee	ep ocear	1		(D) co	ntinental	
14.	The restoring force fo	r the large ocea	an wave	s that yo	ou see ii	n a bead	h is		
	(A)Gravity	_		-		(D) sur		nsion	
15.	The International Date	e line falls in th	ne						
٠	(A)Pacific Ocean	(B) Atlantic O	cean	(C) Ind	ian Oce	an	(D) Me	editerranean	
16.	When a metal sphere	is heated, the p	ercenta	ge incre	ase is m	inimun	n for its		
	(A)Diameter	(B) volume		(C) are	a		(D) de	ensity	
17	Viscosity of a fluid is	defined as							
17.	(A) Force per unit length		ce	(C) For	ce per ı	ınit are	a on its	surface	
	(B) Internal friction po	er unit area	(D) for	ce per u	nit area	per un	it veloc	ity gradient	
18.	A capillary tube partia	ally immersed	l in a lio	uid shov	ws a car	oillarv r	ise of 0	.707 cm. If 1	th€
•	same capillary is imm	•	_		-	•			
	(A)1 cm	(B) 1 cm		(C) 2 c	m		(D) 1.4	114 cm	

	Two gases of the same temperature of the matter than the gases, what will be (A) Same as the original (B) Twice the original (C) Thrice the original (D) Half the original (D)	ixture is the sar be the pressure nal pressure Il pressure al pressure	me as the p	revious temp		
	For producing beats,	two sources of				
	(A)same amplitude		(B)sam	e frequency		
	(C) widely different a	amplitudes	(	D) closely dit	ffering frequen	cies
	The equation of a stream is in sec. The waveler			$\ln 2\pi [(t/0.8)-0]$	0.01 <i>x</i> )], where :	x is in cm and t
	(A)100 cm	(B) 1 cm	(C) 0.01	cm	(D) 10 cm	
,	Weather phenomena (A)Stratosphere tropopause	happen in this (B) exospho	•	-		(D)
23.	Assuming that the attraction bubble of volume 1cc surface before breaking (A)10	e rising from 9	0  m depth of $x$ is:	of water wou		ne of x cc at the
24.	If a cycle wheel of 4		, ,			_
	cycle is	(B) $2\pi^2$				
25.	The escape velocity of (A) Is directly proport (B) Is directly proport (C) Is inversely proport (D) Is directly proport	tional to the m tional to the sq ortional to the	uare of the	e mass of the t of the mass	of the Earth	
			PAF	$\mathbf{RT} - \mathbf{B}$		
26.	Which of the followi (A)C≡C	ng bonds has the	-	bond enthalp C) C≡N	y? (D) N≡N	

27.	If the first orde (A)1 hr			nt is 0.69 (C) 0.6		half-life of t (D) 0.1	
28.	Silver chloride (A)Ag <sup>+</sup>				H. The cation (C) [Ag(N)	-	this solution is (D) [Ag(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ]
29.	Which of the f	_		st metal		•	(D) :
	(A)Silver	(B):	sodium		(C) copper		(D) zinc
30.	Which of the f	Collowing is	unaffected	l by tem	perature va	riation?	
	(A)Molarity	<b>(B)</b> 1	normality		(C) molalit	У	(D) formality
31.	The inert form	of carbon is	3				
	(A)Coal	(B)	diamond		(C) graphit	te	(D) charcoal
32.	Bleaching acti	on of SO <sub>2</sub> is	due to its				
	(A)Oxidizing action	action (B)	acidic nat	ure	(C) hydroly	yzing ability	(D) reducing
33.	The effect of r	-	ween two	lone pa	irs of electro	ons present	in the oxygen of a
	(A)Change in (C) increase in					e H-O-H bon ns will be in	
34.	Gases exhibit i	deal behavio	r at				
	(A) low press (C) high tempo		-	•		-	nd high pressures d high pressures
35. An	isotope of hydrespectively,	rogen has tw	o neutron	s and a	proton. Its a	tomic and r	mass numbers are,
	(A) 1,2	(B) 1,3	(C) 2,	1 .	(D) 2,3		
36. Of	a number, 30%	of 60% of 4	10% is a g	ross. W	hat is 25% o	of the amou	nt?
	(A) 2000	(B) 500		(C) 14	4	(D) 274	ļ
	a class the average years. What is	-		•		erage age o	f 25 girls in the class
	(A) 20 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	(B)	19 <del>2</del> /3		(C) 21¾		(D) 20 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub>

47. Which forms a new compound in air?

48. The ratio of specific heats  $\gamma$  for inert gases is

(B)  $N_2$  in air

(B) 1.66

(C) O<sub>2</sub> in air

(C) 2.13

(A) H<sub>2</sub>O in air

(A) 1.33

5

(D) phosphorus in air

(D) 1.99

49. Which of the lone	owing has the h	ignest pri va	iue iii water?		
(A) NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	(B) Na	ıCl	(C) KCl	(D) Na <sub>2</sub> C	$O_3$
50. Osmotic pressure	in a tree can be	increased by	У		
<ul><li>(A) increasing vo</li><li>(C) decreasing te</li></ul>		` '	ng temperature ing rainfall		
51. What is the entrope the enthalpy change i	- :		en 1 mole of ice i	s converted to wa	ter at 0°C, if
(A) 20.13	(B) 2.013	(C) 2.198	(D) 21.	98	
52. If $\gamma$ is the ratio of molecule of the gas is	-	of a perfect ga	as, the number of	degrees of freedo	m of a
(A) (25/2)(γ-1)	(B) (3 <sub>7</sub>	γ-1)/(2γ-1)	(C) 2/(	γ-1) (E	0) (9/2)(γ-1)
53. If $x = R \sin(\omega t) + x$ and y components of	•	` ,	•	R are constants),	what are the
(A) $0, R\omega^2$	(B) <i>Ra</i>	$p^2, 0$	(C) $0, -R\omega^2$	(D) $-R\omega^2$	,0
54. Air in a cylinder i position. After some	<u> </u>	-	piston, which is t	hen maintained a	the same
(A) will increase	(B) remains th	ne same (C)	will decrease	(D) may increase	or decrease
55. Which of the follo	owing has no di	mensions?			
(A) strain	(B) angular ve	elocity (C)	momentum	(D) angular mom	entum
56. The maximum ve motion are respective	· .	_	•	xecuting simple h	armonioc
(A) 1 radian s <sup>-1</sup> radian s <sup>-1</sup>	(B) 2 r	radian s <sup>-1</sup>	(C) 3 ra	adian s <sup>-1</sup>	(D) 4
57. If R is the radius of is given by (taking G	•		`	gravity, then, its r	nean density
(A) $3gG/(4\pi R)$	(B) $4\pi$	gR/(3G)	(C) $4\pi GR/(3g)$	(D) $3g/(4$	$\pi GR$ )
58. If a body falling f second and third second	•			3, respectively, in	the first,
(A) 1:1:1	(B) 1:3:5	(C)	1:2:3	(D) 1: 4: 9	

in the crown is nearly	, taking the de	ensities of gold	and copper, 1	respectively, to	be 19.3 and 8.5 g m <sup>-3</sup> ,
(A) 93 g	5	(B) 100 g	(C)	150 g	(D) 193 g
60. For a float	ing object to l	oe in stable equ	ilibrium, its o	centre of buoyar	acy should be
(A) vertica (C) horizo	ally above its ontally in line	centre of gravit with the centre	y (B) of gravity	vertically below (D) may be	vits centre of gravity anywhere
61. Due to the	rotation of the	Earth, each 15	s° longitude o	n the Earth repr	resents
(A) one hour	(B) half an h	our (C) fo	rty five minu	tes (D) one hou	r fifteen minutes
62. If PALE is	coded as 213	4 and Earth as	41590, what s	should PEARL	be coded as?
(A) 29530	)	(B) 24153	(C)	25413	(D) 25430
63. If all the 26 vowels, what w				in reverse orde	er, deleting all the
(A) L	(B) H	(C) K	(D)	J	
64. Appu was be day fell on that					ore Appu. If the republic
(A) Monday	(B)	Tuesday	(C) We	dnesday	(D) Sunday
65. After remoleft?	ving all prim	e numbers from	the integers	1 to 19, how ma	any integers would be
(A) 33		(B) 34	(C) 32	(D) 36	
=	_				and walked 10 km on is he now from point
(A) North ea	ast (B) so	uth west	(C) South ea	ast (D) n	orth west
					and diameter of a planet s planet would be
(A) 1 m	(B)	2 m	(C)	0.5 m	(D) 4 m
68. A jet engin	e works on th	e principle of c	onservation o	of	
(A) linear n	nomentum	(B) mass	(C) energy	(D) angular	momentum

59. A crown made of gold and copper weighs 210 g in air and 198 g in water. The weight of gold

69. The Sun appears to be elliptical during sunrise or sunset because of
(A) refraction (B) refraction (C) scattering (D) dispersion
70. If pressure is constant, the rate of diffusion varies proportional
(A) directly to density (B) inversely to density (C) inversely to square root of density (D) directly to square root of density
71. Evaporation of water is an/a
(A) exothermic change (B) endothermic change (C) isentropic change (D) chemical change
72. What is the next number in the series: 40, 29, 20, 13,?
(A) 8 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 11 73. The box product of three position vectors
<ul><li>(A) is always zero</li><li>(B) represents the volume enclose by the three vectors</li><li>(C) represents the total surface area of the solid enclosed by the three vectors</li><li>(D) cannot be interpreted unless the vectors are known</li></ul>
74. If the divergence of a vector is zero, then
<ul> <li>(A) it has a scalar potential</li> <li>(B) it has a vector potential</li> <li>(C) it has no potential in general</li> <li>(D) potential cannot be determined without explicit value of the vector.</li> </ul>
75. The vector $V$ is the gradient of a scalar $\varphi$ . The curl of $V$ is
(A) zero (B) determinant of $\varphi$ (C) gradient of $\varphi$ (D) curl of $\varphi$