

B-4

**ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY – 2013  
QUESTION PAPER BOOKLET**

**I.M.Sc. Health Psychology**

Marks: 100

Time: 2 hrs.

Hall Ticket No:

**Instructions**

Read the following instructions carefully:

1. Write your Hall Ticket Number in the OMR answer sheet given to you. Also write the Hall Ticket Number in the space provided above.
2. There is negative marking of -0.33 marks for every wrong answer.
3. Answers are to be marked on the OMR sheet following the instructions provided there upon.
4. Hand over the OMR answer sheet at the end of the examination to the Invigilator.
5. No additional sheets will be provided. Rough work can be done in the question paper itself /space provided at the end of the booklet.
6. This question paper has two sections Section A and Section B.
  - Section – A consists of 75 objective type questions.
  - Section – B consists of 25 objective type questions.

This book contains **18** pages excluding this page

**Section A**

1. Physical growth and development is called

- A. Readiness
- B. Heredity
- C. Maturation
- D. Growth spurt

2. Inadequate oxygen supply is called

- A. Paranoia
- B. Anoxia
- C. Asphyxia
- D. Amnesia

3. Psychologists who study teaching learning process in classrooms with the awareness of the needs of special group of children are

- A. Psychotherapists
- B. Psychoanalysts
- C. Educational Psychologists
- D. Specialty needs Psychologists

4. A general term applying to behaviour aimed at hurting other people with feelings of anger or hostility is

- A. Aggression
- B. Sadism
- C. Masochism
- D. Narcissism

5. The gland which secretes insulin and maintains carbohydrate metabolism is called

- A. Liver
- B. Parathyroid
- C. Pancreas
- D. Adrenal

6. A Psychologist who studies visual perception by recording the activity of nerve cells in the appropriate region of the brain uses which of the following approaches?

- A. Biological
- B. Behavioural
- C. Health
- D. Humanistic

7. Shekhar spends a lot of time in the forest and studies the behaviour of monkeys. He observes and records the movements of monkeys when they are in group, when they are alone, when there is limited food, and when they are in playful mood. Shekhar is a

- A. Zoologist
- B. Psychologist
- C. Anthropologist
- D. Sociologist

8. By what age majority of the children develop toilet control, beyond which it should be a concern for parents to seek appropriate psychological help

- A. 1 year
- B. 5 years
- C. 7 years
- D. 8 years

9. Abdul is a 28 year old man. He is well employed and earns a good living. His parents want him to find a good bride and settle down in marriage. However the very thought of marriage brings some fears in his mind. He believes that he cannot cope with married life. He talked to some of his friends. Everyone advised him to take professional help. Abdul should see a

- A. Psychologist
- B. Psychiatrist
- C. Psychopathologist
- D. Psycholinguist

10. As Lasya crosses the road, a car swerves towards her. Her heart beat races and sweat breaks out as she jumps out of harm's way. This mobilization of energy is due to the action of Lasya's \_\_\_\_\_ system

- A. Sympathetic
- B. Parasympathetic
- C. Somatic nervous
- D. Muscular skeletal

11. A horse can be taken to a river but cannot be forced to drink the water. This is because the horse does not have the

- A. Desire to drink
- B. Perception to drink
- C. Motivation to drink
- D. Interest to drink

12. 'Health Psychology' relates to

- A. Application of principles of health in the field of Psychology
- B. Studying the abnormality of people with health problems
- C. Application of principles of Psychology in the field of Health
- D. Studying the Psychology of healthy people

13. Sukant is a Government employee. He is married and has two daughters aged 3 and 8. His wife works as a school teacher. Sukant loves his family and has created all comforts for them at home. But the only problem is he comes home late at night, totally drunk and behaves very violently with his wife. The children get very scared and everyone in the family loses sleep. While Sukant goes to sleep under the influence of intoxication, his wife and children spend the night crying helplessly. What should be done to bring peace to the family?

- A. Sukant should be handed over to police
- B. His wife should be taken to women protection cell
- C. Sukant should be sent for treatment
- D. Children should be admitted into a boarding school

14. Priya is a 30 year old woman. She has been having severe problems with her sister. She used to love her sister very much. But her hatred started very recently. The entire family was finding it difficult to accept this hateful behaviour of Priya who is otherwise very loving and affectionate towards others. They brought her to the Psychologist for consultations. Which of the following is likely to be done by the Psychologist?

- A. Take the history of Priya, administer tests and provide counseling
- B. Admit her in hospital and give shock treatment
- C. Do face reading of Priya, know the real cause and surprise her by telling her the facts
- D. Make her lose her consciousness, talk during this state and bring her back to consciousness

15. Prakash behaves in a bizarre manner. He is found to preserve insignificant things like a piece of thread, a tooth paste lid or a twig fallen from the tree. Sometimes he is found to sing to himself or play all by himself. There are occasions when he is found to sit in a corner and talk looking at the sky as if he is conversing with someone over telephone. The last behaviour described is the result of

- A. Illusion
- B. Delusion
- C. Stigmatization
- D. Hallucination

16. A group of school students were discussing the meaning of 'Psychology'. Each one gave their interpretation. Everyone felt that what they have said is correct because there is some reasoning in their explanation. Which of the following meaning is correct?

- A. Psyche = Soul; Logos = Science
- B. Psycho = Mind; Logy = Science
- C. Psyche = Mind; Logus = Science
- D. Psyche = Behaviour; Logos = Science

17. Simultaneous liking and disliking of an object or a person is called

- A. Ambivalence
- B. Antivalence
- C. Perseverance
- D. Omnivalence

18. George has applied for a seat in medical course. He consulted a Psychologist to find out if he would fit into the profession. The Psychologist administered a test and told him that he would do very well in Accounting. The Psychologist came to a conclusion by testing his

- A. Interest
- B. Attitude
- C. Motivation
- D. Aptitude

19. 'Think of eating an orange and when you do so, there is a secretion of saliva in your mouth. As you continue thinking, the amount of saliva in your mouth will increase measurably'. This response is a result of

- A. Mental image
- B. Physical image
- C. Visual image
- D. Fruit image

20. Different individuals experience different things. Even if we observe the same event at the same time, we do not see the same things. This proposes that

- A. Experience is objective
- B. Experience is subjective
- C. Experience is universal
- D. Experience is different

21. Dr. Nandini is studying the impact of early puberty on adolescent stress. She is most likely a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ Psychologist

- A. Educational
- B. Cognitive
- C. Developmental
- D. Abnormal

22. Sheela's son is a very healthy and bright child. One day his teacher has taught about chromosomes in his class. Returning home, out of curiosity he asked his mother the type and number of chromosomes he has. Out of the following answers, what Sheela would choose to reply to her son?

- A. 2 Y-chromosomes
- B. 1 X-chromosome and 1 Y-chromosome
- C. 2 X-chromosomes
- D. 23 X-chromosomes and 23 Y-chromosomes

23. A disorder which is characterized by binge eating, followed by purging is

- A. Anorexia
- B. Bulimia
- C. Macrophagia
- D. Dyspepsia

24. When we hear or see something, we understand what it is. This is technically called
- A. Memory
  - B. Sensation
  - C. Aptitude
  - D. Perception
25. Emotions result in or are accompanied by several physiological changes. Which of the following is not a physiological response associated with emotion
- A. Palpitations
  - B. Tics
  - C. Disturbed thoughts
  - D. Heavy breathing
26. Reasoning, judgment and attention are predominantly mediated by which of the following lobes?
- A. Parietal lobe
  - B. Occipital lobe
  - C. Frontal lobe
  - D. Temporal lobe
27. Health Psychology is one of the main areas of
- A. Abnormal Psychology
  - B. Clinical Psychology
  - C. Alternative Medicine
  - D. Applied Psychology
28. Psychology is a study of
- A. Mental processes and social influences
  - B. Social influences and sensations
  - C. Sensations and behaviour
  - D. Behaviour and mental processes
29. Advertisements have a strong influence on the buying habits and behaviour of the people. Which branch of Psychology studies this?
- A. Industrial Psychology
  - B. Consumer Psychology
  - C. Habit formation Psychology
  - D. Behavioural Psychology
30. A form of primary degenerative dementia characterized by progressive mental deterioration is
- A. Mental Retardation
  - B. Epilepsy
  - C. Alzheimer's Disease
  - D. Bulimia

31. Which of the following is not closely related to the field of Health Psychology?
- A. Positive Psychology
  - B. Clinical Psychology
  - C. Medical Psychology
  - D. None of the above
32. The famous theorist who emphasized on the role of unconscious processes was
- A. Helmholtz
  - B. Tolkein
  - C. Socrates
  - D. Freud
33. Which of the following is not taken up by Psychologists?
- A. Systematic observation of differences in the brain activity of creative and non-creative people
  - B. Differences in school performance of children who come from two socioeconomic groups
  - C. Behavioural differences between men and women
  - D. Measuring the intelligence of computers belonging to different generations
34. Dr. Santosh is a Psychologist. He is doing research on the problems of reflex action among the youth while one drives a vehicle on road. He developed an instrument for this, which requires the coordination and quick shifts between the right and left foot pressing as well as eye-hand coordination. He conducts experiments in his laboratory. Dr.Santosh is
- A. Clinical Psychologist
  - B. Experimental Psychologist
  - C. Youth Psychologist
  - D. Automobile Psychologist
35. Janardhan met with an automobile accident. However there was no external bleeding. Janardhan was taken to the hospital. He complained of unbearable head ache. The doctors advised a CT scan of his brain. They found that one part of the brain showed a concussion and bleeding. They told Janardhan's family members that he may lose his eye sight because of severe injury to brain. Which part of Janardhan's brain was showing bleeding?
- A. Frontal Lobe
  - B. Temporal Lobe
  - C. Occipital Lobe
  - D. Prefrontal Lobe
36. Deepa is a four year old child. She saw that all the children in her neighbourhood were riding bicycle. She too wanted one. Finally her parents bought her a bicycle with small balancing wheels attached to the rear wheel. Deepa started to use it but found it difficult to ride. When she tried to peddle, she went forward, and hit against the wall ahead. The problem was her
- A. Mind-body coordination
  - B. Hand-foot coordination
  - C. Sensory-perceptual coordination
  - D. Sensory-motor coordination

37. Praveen is a sensitive boy. He tries to do his best in his academics. But he has the problem of stammering. Because of this he avoids answering questions in the class room. But his English teacher wants him to get rid of such fear. So he makes it a point to ask him questions in the class. Praveen struggles and answers. However, he feels very embarrassed and wishes that his teacher does not insist on his participation in the class. He hates to see some of his classmates nudging or giggling while he stammers. However, Praveen keeps such feelings to himself and does not complain. Praveen

- A. Represses his feelings
- B. Suppresses his feelings
- C. Feels depressed
- D. Feels oppressed

38. Which of the following is included in the area of research of a Psychologist?

- A. Studying the hand writings of criminals and understanding their thoughts
- B. Studying the physiological changes in the person when s/he is under stress
- C. Studying the Magnetic Resonance Images of patients having neurological problems
- D. Studying the biochemical reactions of a new medicine for mental illness

39. Reema wants to combine her interests in singing and Psychology. She is interested in understanding what characteristics of a singer such as Lata Mangeshkar or Kishore Kumar might account for their particular style of singing. Which of the following areas of Psychology should Reema focus on?

- A. Comparative
- B. Personality
- C. Clinical
- D. Industrial

40. In its resting state, the inside of a neuron carries a \_\_\_\_\_ charge with respect to the outside

- A. Depolarized
- B. Inactive
- C. Negative
- D. Positive

41. Sagar was a senior executive in a company. Being old, he was advised to take less responsibility and more rest. One day, after returning from office, he suffered a stroke. After that he had a slurred speech. He had probably suffered damage to his

- A. Left cerebral cortex
- B. Left parietal lobe
- C. Right cerebral cortex
- D. Vocal chords



42. Which of the following help in myelination of neurons
- A. Oligodendrocytes
  - B. Schwann cells
  - C. Axonocytes
  - D. Cerebrocytes
43. Precognition refers to
- A. Knowledge of hidden object
  - B. Emotional disturbances
  - C. Ability to foretell the future
  - D. A kind of abnormal experience
44. Which of the following is not helpful in understanding the brain?
- A. ECG
  - B. EEG
  - C. CT Scan
  - D. MRI
45. Which of the following statements is not correct?
- A. Brain discharges electric activity potentials all the time
  - B. Aptitude is innate
  - C. Rewards do not work with children with low intelligence
  - D. Attention cannot be enhanced by medication
46. Which of the following is not an organ of immune system
- A. Skin
  - B. Thymus
  - C. Bone marrow
  - D. Kidney
47. The following conditions have come to your attention for counselling and guidance. Which of them indicate a need for counseling?
- A. A mother complaining that her eight month old baby bites any objects given to the hand
  - B. A teacher reporting that a child in her class was crying on day one in the school
  - C. A person reporting that he is scared of facing an entrance examination
  - D. A father complaining that his eight years old child does not pay attention for more than half an hour at a go.
48. Which of the following is not the name of a pioneer Psychologist?
- A. Freud
  - B. Skinner
  - C. Anthony
  - D. Pavlov

49. Children who triumph in the face of adversity are called
- A. Admirer
  - B. Vitality
  - C. Winner
  - D. Resilient
50. Emotional intelligence is
- A. Emotions used to test intelligence of individual across the life span
  - B. Intelligence in hiding emotions when repulsive stimuli are faced
  - C. An accurate index of achievements of great people you hear about
  - D. A tool to predict success in an individual's life
51. A business man dealing with garments wanted to decide which size he should store in the largest quantity. Which statistic is the most helpful?
- A. Mean
  - B. Median
  - C. Mode
  - D. Range
52. A psychological disorder characterized by lack of appetite, loss of weight and self starvation is called
- A. Anorexia nervosa
  - B. Apraxia abasia
  - C. Attitude deficiency
  - D. Nutritional deficiency
53. Abnormality is
- A. Significant deviation from commonly originated patterns of emotion or thought
  - B. Significant deviation from patterns of behaviour or thought followed by societal leaders
  - C. Significant deviation from ancestrally determined patterns of behaviour, emotion or thought
  - D. Significant deviation from commonly accepted patterns of behaviour, emotion or thought
54. Psychological treatments designed to help people cope with physical health problems are categorized under
- A. Clinical Pathology
  - B. Behavioural Medicine
  - C. Pathological Psychology
  - D. Medical Pathology
55. The fear of closed places is called
- A. Closetophobia
  - B. Closure phobia
  - C. Claustrophobia
  - D. Clusterophobia

56. Srujana is a pampered child. She is highly demanding. Her parents dote on her because she is the only child in the family. Srujana gets a lot of love and attention from her parents and relatives. She expects the same from her classmates. Though the classmates like her a lot they do not like her making undue demands on them. They just dislike her boasting to them about the latest brand of things she had bought, places she visited etc. The best way to make her drop such boasting is

- A. To tell her on the face that they do not like such topics
- B. Whenever she talks of such things they too should start boasting
- C. Pay no attention when she boasts and talk well when she talks normally
- D. Pay lot of attention whenever she boasts so that she feels satisfied

57. Radha has been a witness of the terror attack on 26/11. She was at Victoria Terminal along with her parents. She saw the terrorists indiscriminately shooting the people on the platform. Her parents also died in the attack. It is three years since the attack happened. Now, Radha is alone in a hostel. She sits alone most of the time. Sometimes cries a lot, eats very less and does not show any interest in the academics. She was taken to the mental hospital where

- A. The Psychiatrist gives her counseling and the Psychologist gives her therapy
- B. The Psychologist gives medicine and the Psychiatrist gives therapy
- C. The Psychiatrist gives medicines and the Psychologist gives counseling
- D. The Psychiatrist and the Psychologist give her electric shock

58. Ramji is a tall and well built handsome person. He is very intelligent. He is strict about his diet and exercise to take care of his looks and health. He holds a very important administrative post in the Department of transport. He thinks that office time should be strictly for office work and does not take any excuses from his subordinates for not completing the work. At the same time he is very helpful to those who are in problems. Describing Ramji, one of his colleagues said 'His personality is admirable'. What his colleague referred to was Ramji's distinctive

- A. Physical Looks and Intelligence
- B. Intelligence and Strictness
- C. Behaviour and Thought
- D. Behaviour and Strictness

59. Ravi and Lavanya, twins aged 6 years were travelling in a train. Both of them were looking out of the window. Ravi said that the plants alongside the track were traveling in the opposite direction. Lavanya said that the mountains at a distance were traveling with them in the same direction.

- A. Both were correct, but differed in their perception
- B. Lavanya was wrong but Ravi was correct in perception
- C. Both were correct and differed in their thinking
- D. Both were wrong and differed in their sensation

60. A Psychologist took his Subject to the laboratory. The Subject volunteered himself for the experiment. The Psychologist blindfolded the Subject, his ears were plugged, and his whole body was sealed with thermocol package. He was kept in this silent dark laboratory. There was a one way mirror through which the Psychologist could see the Subject. The Subject was instructed to continue being there as long as he could. After four hours the Subject started screaming 'Please release me. I cannot be here anymore. I want to be out'. The Psychologist immediately released the Subject. The Psychologist was studying the impact of

- A. Perceptual Power of the Subject
- B. Intellectual deprivation of the Subject
- C. Sensory deprivation of the Subject
- D. Emotional strength of the Subject

61. Jolly, an abandoned child was adopted by Mr & Mrs Vikram when she was few days old. She was not yet walking or started to utter words. She was found to be passive and silent most of the time. The parents were worried because all the children of her age started talking sentences but Jolly was not even uttering words of their mother tongue. When she was two, the couple consulted the doctor. The doctor said she was a '*mongoloid child*' hence they cannot expect her to talk and behave like other children in their neighbourhood. What the doctor meant was that

- A. Jolly was a native of Mongolia. Hence she cannot talk or behave like other children of her neighbourhood
- B. Jolly was an adopted child. Hence her behaviour and speech will be delayed compared to other children of her age
- C. Jolly was mentally retarded hence she cannot be expected to talk or behave like other children of her age
- D. Jolly was suffering from a disease which affected her vocal cord and ears. Hence she cannot talk or behave like other children of her age

62. Marilyn is a Psychologist. Her area of research is to study the memory of people between the ages of 60 and 80. She compares the memory of men and women, people living in institutions and with families. Her research is in the field of

- A. Comparative Psychology
- B. Comparative Memory
- C. Geriatric Studies
- D. Cross-cultural Studies

63. Ramesh was walking in a moonlit night and looking at a lamp post. As he was approaching the lamp post, the intensity of the brightness of the light was increasing. When the intensity of the brightness of the light increased, the size of the action potentials of the neurons involved

- A. Increased
- B. Decreased
- C. First increased and then decreased
- D. Remained the same

64. Which of the following people are in need of counseling?

- A. Rekha has a misunderstanding with her husband. She had an argument with him. He got angry with her. Later he thought it's ok. She is a person of quick temper and she cools down in no time
- B. Jayaram has gone to join his Engineering course. His first choice of branch is Computer Engineering. There was a seat available in this branch
- C. Raghu is a studious boy. He wants to do a course in Fine arts. But his father wishes that he should join Engineering as the future of Fine Arts is not bright. Raghu does not want to disappoint his father. But he also does not want to sacrifice his dream
- D. John is found to behave very violently with his friends and family. He does not sleep at nights and during the whole night engages himself in cutting vegetables, listening to music and singing loudly. He says he talks to the unknown voices. He suspects his mother of mixing poison in the food

65. Brain disorders are known to have several causes. One of the causes is invasion of parasites from eating raw, unhygienic foods and salads. Which of the following is an example for this?

- A. Cysticercosis
- B. Meningitis
- C. Encephalitis
- D. Heamatoma

66. Eric Kandel got Nobel Prize in the year 2000 for his experiments on learning and memory. The experiments were conducted on

- A. Rhesus
- B. Salamander
- C. Aplysia
- D. Fruit fly

67. Match the parts of the brain with its corresponding functions

<b>Parts of the brain</b>	<b>Functions</b>
a) Frontal lobe	1. Receptive speech
b) Parietal lobe	2. Motor coordination
c) Temporal lobe	3. Motor planning
d) Cerebellum	4. Sensory integration

- A. a-2; b-1; c-3; d-4
- B. a-3; b-4; c-1; d-2
- C. a-3; b-4; c-2; d-1
- D. a-4; b-3; c-2; d-1

68. Horizon moon appears bigger than the Zenith moon. This is due to

- A. Illusion
- B. Illumination
- C. Hallucination
- D. Delusion

69. Which of the following statement about the progress of Artificial Intelligence (AI) is not true?

- A. AI can recognize emotions
- B. AI can perform complex calculations
- C. AI can play complex board games
- D. AI can independently create algorithms specific to situations

70. Which of the following is not a neurotransmitter?

- A. Serotonin
- B. Dopamine
- C. Phenylethylamine
- D. Gamma-Aminobutyric Acid

71. Which of the following is a major health challenge for the 21st Century?

- A. Schizophrenia
- B. Noncommunicable diseases
- C. Polio
- D. HIV/AIDS

72. Which of the combinations of the statements given below is correct?

- i. Attitudes are acquired through an individual's experiences
  - ii. Attitudes are acquired through social influence
  - iii. Attitudes are acquired through cultural influences
  - iv. Attitudes are acquired through genetic influences
- A. i, ii, iii
  - B. ii, iii, iv
  - C. i, iii, iv
  - D. i, ii, iv

73. Which of the following is not true?

- A. Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by observing nonverbal behaviour
- B. Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by observing the variations in verbal behaviour
- C. Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by understanding the verbal and non verbal behaviour
- D. Psychologists can infer much about what a person is trying to communicate by the form and content of verbal behaviour

74. What is conduction deafness?

- A. Hearing loss due to failure of the auditory nerve
- B. Hearing loss due to problems with the bones of the middle ear
- C. Hearing loss due to failure of the visual nerve
- D. Hearing loss due to problems with the bones of the outer ear

75. Roshan is in his class X and is unable to understand and hence decide which career path he is best suited to. His parents recommend some courses; his friends decide upon some and media talks about some more. Every time he felt that the course which is being talked about is the best choice for him. His school recommended him to a Psychologist. What should the Psychologist do?

- A. Listen to him carefully and patiently and decide which of the courses mentioned by him are best for him
- B. Recommend him for psychological treatment owing to his pathological indecisiveness
- C. Use hypnosis and clear out his confusion so that he can take a decision under hypnotic trance
- D. Use aptitude tests along with other relevant measures to assess his skill in suitable fields

### Section B

76. Identify the correct spelling

- A. Angxity
- B. Anxiety
- C. Anxyty
- D. Anxeity

77. What is the meaning of 'Umpteen'?

- A. Clear
- B. Many
- C. Reimburse
- D. Verify

78. Identify the correct spelling

- A. Pharmaceutical
- B. Pharmacitcal
- C. Pharmaseutical
- D. Pharmacuetical

79. A Psychologist conducted an examination of the patient before planning for therapy. Which of the following terms described this process accurately

- A. Evaluation
- B. Preparation
- C. Review
- D. Assessment

80. Sunayana was planning a trip to Ooty along with her childhood friends. She was talking about it to her class mate. Sunayana told her with all excitement "All arrangements are made and we are going to stay in the best resort. The eight of us in the cottage; we are not going to sleep; we are going to have a wonderful experience like - It would be such a thing to touch the clouds that pass by....." she went on and on. Her classmate said "Oh! What a fantasy!". What did Sunayana's friend mean?

- A. Sunayana made fantastic arrangements
- B. Sunayana was a fan of her childhood friend
- C. Sunayana was imagining a lot
- D. Sunayana would relive her childhood with friends

81. Siraj said 'I was invited for a party by my seniors. When I entered the venue, I saw no one. Something was fishy'. What Siraj meant was that

- A. Though no one had arrived at the venue, he could get the smell of fish curry from the kitchen
- B. Siraj found no one at the venue, but the venue was decorated with a beautiful aquarium
- C. Since no one was there at the venue, Siraj thought there was something wrong
- D. Though no one was present at the venue, Siraj was sure that one of his seniors was near the fish pond

82. The teacher said "Those who are keen to have a successful career must know that it is necessary to have a contingent plan too". What the teacher meant was that those keen on successful career must have

- A. An alternative career plan
- B. An intelligent career plan
- C. A concrete career plan
- D. A very high goal for career

83. 'The University teacher has the autonomy to structure the course'. Which of the following translates the above statement?

- A. The University teacher has the responsibility to structure the course
- B. The University teacher has the freedom to structure the course
- C. The University teacher has the compulsion to structure the course
- D. The University teacher is ordered to structure the course

84. Autophobia refers to

- A. Fear of being alone
- B. Fear of Autorickshaw
- C. Fear of automatic toys
- D. Fear of failure

85. Practice of doing good to one's fellow men is called

- A. Noble
- B. Philandery
- C. Philanthropy
- D. Petrology

86. Identify the correct spelling

- A. Embarrassment
- B. Embarrassement
- C. Embarrasment
- D. Emberrassment



87. \_\_\_\_\_ of the rainbow were \_\_\_\_\_ against the bright blue sky
- A. Textures, Stormed
  - B. Hues, Vivid
  - C. Lines, Darkened
  - D. Hues, Fortuitous
88. I would have lent you my notes if you \_\_\_\_\_ me
- A. Would ask
  - B. Could have asked
  - C. Could ask
  - D. Had asked
89. The word which forms a part of binge eating is
- A. Devour
  - B. Energy
  - C. Vigour
  - D. Rampant
90. Out of the following four words, which is not the correct antonym of 'Emolument'
- A. Penalty
  - B. Monument
  - C. Punishment
  - D. Retribution
91. Identify the correct spelling
- A. Fortuituos
  - B. Fortutois
  - C. Fortiutous
  - D. Fortuitous
92. Which of the following sentences is not correct?
- A. Cricket is a game of chance
  - B. Mr. Alexander has purchased new furnitures from Metro-Mall
  - C. Both the girls helped each other
  - D. Vijaya is very sorry about her misconduct
93. What is the antonym of 'Adherence'
- A. Obedience
  - B. Devotion
  - C. Flout
  - D. Loyalty

94. What is the antonym of 'Discretionary'
- A. Optional
  - B. Flexible
  - C. Open
  - D. Mandatory
95. Rafi returned to India after 25 years of stay in Europe. He visited his village and the school where he studied. He found that the village has not changed much. He found the streets dirty, people unkempt. He visited his school and sat in his old class room. He felt a sense of *nostalgia*. What did Rafi feel as described in italics?
- A. Vomiting sensation because of the unhygienic conditions
  - B. A sense of pleasure remembering the past experience in school
  - C. A sense of shame as to how he studied in such impoverished environment
  - D. A sense of pride that from such a small village school he raised to the present position
96. Which of the following gives the meaning of '*Prophylactic*'
- A. Preventive measure
  - B. Power of prophecy
  - C. Provocative act
  - D. Deprivation period
97. Identify the correct version of the following sentence: 'Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and to stay up late at night are among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders'
- A. Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and to stay up late at night are among youth pleasures contribute to sleep disorders
  - B. Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and to stay up late at night is among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders
  - C. Indiscriminate eat, drink, and to remain up late at night are among youth pleasures contributed to sleep disorders
  - D. Indiscriminate eating, drinking, and staying up late at night are among youth pleasures contributing to sleep disorders
98. Find the most suitable term that describes the underlined phrase in the following sentence: 'The counselee relieved all her suppressed emotions during the therapy'
- A. Subjugation
  - B. Catharsis
  - C. Congruence
  - D. Repression
99. 'We become experienced as a result of watching, listening to, or reading about others'. Which of the following words means the same
- A. Vicarious
  - B. Experiential
  - C. Introspection
  - D. Malfeasance

100. In which of the following, the expression does not match the idiom.

- A. Don't give up the day job: 'I know you paint. But do not give up your day job to pursue this hobby'
- B. Scrape the bottom of the barrel: 'He failed in the test. In order to pass the supplementary examination he has to scrape the bottom of the barrel'
- C. The best thing since sliced bread: 'I love this software to record sleep disturbances accurately. It's the best thing since sliced bread'
- D. Wake up and smell the coffee: 'I know you are stressed out, but this mindset won't work. Wake up and smell the coffee'